




| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--------------------|--|
| DETAIL DESIGN 详细设计 | | | | 63,600DWT BULK CARRIER 63,600 吨散货船 | | | | SC4622(WH)-230-01JS | | | |
| CURRENT REVISION 当前版本 | | A | | CURRENT STATUS 当前状态 | | S | | RUDDER CALCULATION 舵系计算书 | | | |
| DESIGNED 设计 | | | | DATE 日期 | | | | | | | |
| CHECKED 校对 | | | | DATE 日期 | | | | PAGE 页数 | | 1 / 19 | |
| VERIFIED 审核 | | | | DATE 日期 | | | | TOT. AREA 总面积 | | 1.2 m ² | |
| APPROVED 批准 | | | | DATE 日期 | | | |  SHANGHAI MERCHANT SHIP DESIGN & RESEARCH INSTITUTE 上海船舶研究设计院 | | | |

This drawing and the information contained is the exclusive property of SDARI and must not be copied or handed over to third parties without our written permission.
 本图（文件）及所含内容的知识产权属于上海船舶研究设计院(SDARI)。未经本院书面许可, 任何人不得复制或转交第三方。

1. Principal dimensions

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Length between perpendiculars | $L_{pp} = 194.50\text{m}$ |
| Length of water line at T | $L_{wl} = 197.974\text{m}$ |
| Rule Length | $L = 192.035\text{m}$ |
| Breath | $B = 32.26\text{ m}$ |
| Depth | $H = 18.50\text{m}$ |
| Scantling draught | $T = 13.30\text{ m}$ |
| Designed draught | $T = 11.30\text{ m}$ |
| Block coefficient | $C_b = 0.877$ |
| Speed (at 85% C.M.C.R.) | $V = 14.3\text{kn}$ |
| Service Speed (at 100% C.M.C.R./deepest seagoing draught) | $V_o = 15.0\text{kn}$ |
| Restricted service | Unlimited range |
| Rudder profile | HSVA0018 |
| Type of ship | Bulk Carrier ship |

2. Size of rudder area

$$2.1 \quad A_{min} = C_1 C_2 C_3 C_4 \frac{1.75 L T}{100}$$

$$= 0.9 \times 0.9 \times 0.8 \times 1.0 \times \frac{1.75 \times 192.035 \times 13.3}{100}$$

$$= 28.96\text{m}^2$$

A_{min} — The minimum rudder area to achieve sufficient manoeuvring.

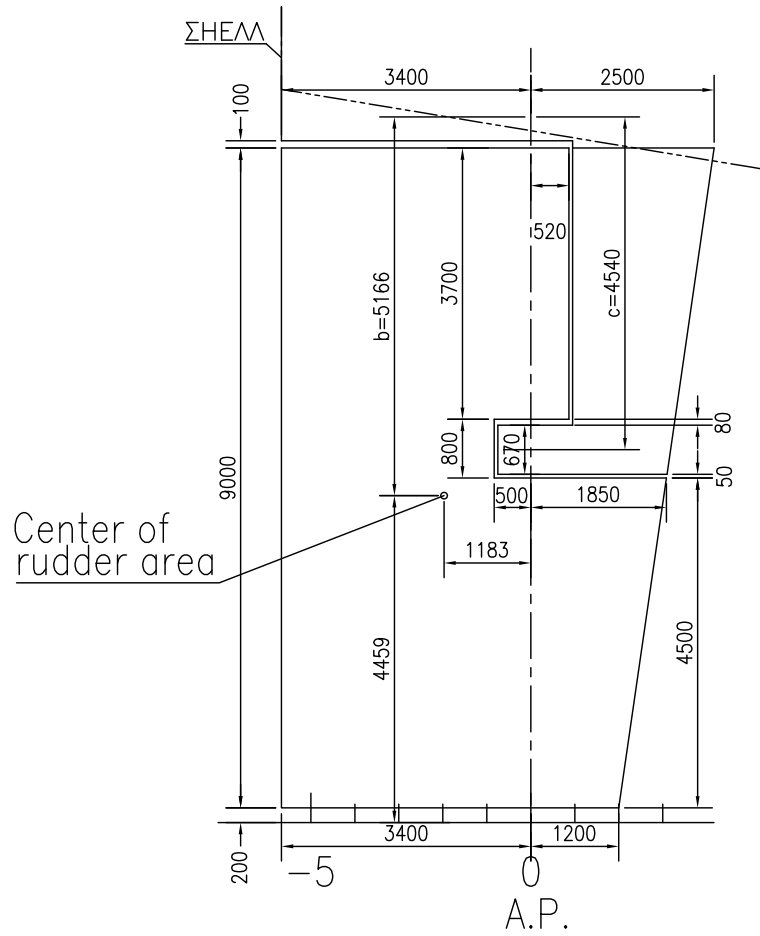
$$C_1 = 0.9$$

$$C_2 = 0.9$$

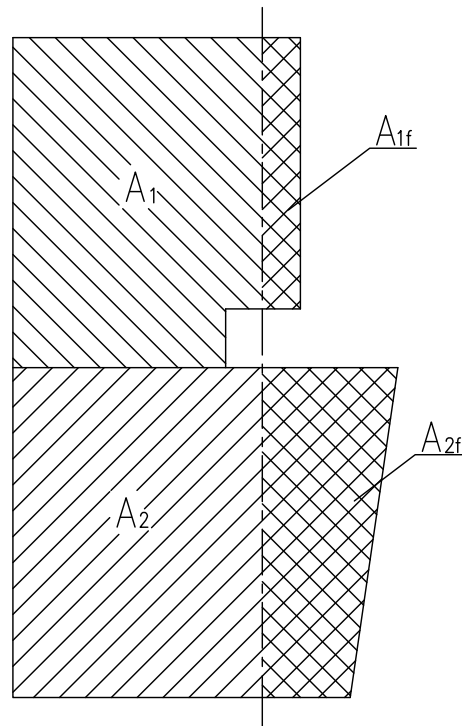
$$C_3 = 0.8$$

$$C_4 = 1.0$$

2.2 The actual rudder area A. (see figure 1)



1:100
figure 1



1:100
figure 2

$$A = 38.9865\text{m}^2$$

$$A' = 38.9865\text{m}^2 + 0.5 \times 7.840\text{m} = 42.9065\text{m}^2 > A_{\min} = 28.96\text{m}^2$$

$$\frac{A'}{L \times T} = \frac{42.9065}{192.035 \times 13.3} \approx \frac{1}{60} > \frac{1}{65}$$

A+ area of the rudder horn $A_t = 46.8265\text{m}^2$

Partial area $A_f = 8.7865\text{m}^2$

A_f — portion area located ahead of the rudder stock axis.

Partial area (see figure 1) $A_1 = 16.824\text{m}^2$

Partial area (see figure 1) $A_2 = 22.1625\text{m}^2$

Partial area (see figure 1) $A_{1f} = 1.924\text{m}^2$

Partial area (see figure 1) $A_{2f} = 6.8625\text{m}^2$

Balancing ratio $k = 8.7865 / 38.9865 = 22.54\%$

3. Lateral force on rudder blade

3.1 Rudder force for ahead condition

$$C_R = 132AV^2 K_1 K_2 K_3 K_t$$

Where

$$\lambda = \frac{b^2}{A_t} = \frac{9.0^2}{46.8265} = 1.7297898$$

$$K_1 = \frac{\lambda + 2}{3} = \frac{1.7297898 + 2}{3} = 1.2432633$$

$$K_2 = 1.21$$

$$K_3 = 1$$

$$K_t = 1$$

$$A = 38.9865\text{m}^2$$

$$V = V_0 = 15.0\text{kn}$$

$$C_R = 132 \times 38.9865 \times 15.0^2 \times 1.2432633 \times 1.21 \times 1 \times 1$$

$$= 1741883.8(\text{N})$$

3.2 Rudder force for astern condition

$$C'_R = 132AV'^2 K_1 K_2 K_3 K_t$$

Where

$$\lambda = \frac{b^2}{A_t} = \frac{9.0^2}{46.8265} = 1.7297898$$

$$K_1 = \frac{\lambda + 2}{3} = \frac{1.7297898 + 2}{3} = 1.2432633$$

$$K_2 = 0.9$$

$$K_3 = 1$$

$$K_t = 1$$

$$A = 38.9865 \text{m}^2$$

$$V = V_a = 14.4/2 = 7.2 (\text{kn})$$

$$\begin{aligned} C'_R &= 132 \times 38.9865 \times 7.2^2 \times 1.2432633 \times 0.9 \times 1 \times 1 \\ &= 298509.939 (\text{N}) \end{aligned}$$

4. Rudder torque calculation for rudders

4.1 Rudder torque for ahead condition

$$Q_{R1} = C_{R1} \cdot r_1 \quad Q_{R2} = C_{R2} \cdot r_2$$

$$C_{R1} = C_R \frac{A_1}{A} = 1741883.8 \times \frac{16.824}{38.9865} = 751682.071 (\text{N})$$

$$C_{R2} = C_R \frac{A_2}{A} = 1741883.8 \times \frac{22.1625}{38.9865} = 990201.729 (\text{N})$$

Where

$$r_1 = C_1 (\alpha_1 - K_{b1})$$

$$r_2 = C_2 (\alpha_2 - K_{b2})$$

$$K_{b1} = \frac{A_{1f}}{A_1} = \frac{1.924}{16.824} = 0.1143604$$

$$K_{b2} = \frac{A_{2f}}{A_2} = \frac{6.8625}{22.1625} = 0.3096447$$

$$C_1 = \frac{A_1}{b_1} = \frac{16.824}{4.5} = 3.7386667(\text{m})$$

$$C_2 = \frac{A_2}{b_2} = \frac{22.1625}{4.5} = 4.925(\text{m})$$

$$\alpha_1 = 0.25 \quad \alpha_2 = 0.33$$

$$r_1 = 3.7386667 \times (0.25 - 0.1143604) \\ = 0.5071113(\text{m})$$

$$r_2 = 4.925 \times (0.33 - 0.3096447) \\ = 0.1002499(\text{m})$$

$$Q_{R1} = 751682.071 \times 0.5071113 = 381186.472(\text{Nm})$$

$$Q_{R2} = 990201.729 \times 0.1002499 = 99267.624(\text{Nm})$$

$$Q_R = Q_{R1} + Q_{R2} \\ = 381186.472 + 99267.624 \\ = 480454.096(\text{Nm})$$

For ahead condition Q_R is not to be taken less than

$$Q_{Rmin} = C_R \cdot r_{1,2min}$$

$$r_{1,2min} = \frac{0.1}{A} (c_1 A_1 + c_2 A_2) \\ = \frac{0.1}{38.9865} \times (3.7386667 \times 16.824 + 4.925 \times 22.1625)$$

$$= 0.441305684(\text{m})$$

$$Q_{Rmin} = 1741883.8 \times 0.441305684 \\ = 768703.22(\text{Nm})$$

4.2 Rudder torque for astern condition

$$Q'_{R1} = C'_{R1} \cdot r'_1 \quad Q'_{R2} = C'_{R2} \cdot r'_2$$

$$C'_{R1} = C'_R \frac{A_1}{A} = 298509.939 \times \frac{16.824}{38.9865} = 128817.1858(\text{N})$$

$$C'_{R2} = C'_R \frac{A_2}{A} = 298509.939 \times \frac{22.1625}{38.9865} = 169692.7532(\text{N})$$

Where

$$r'_1 = C_1(\alpha'_1 - K_{b1})$$

$$r'_2 = C_2(\alpha'_2 - K_{b2})$$

$$K_{b1} = \frac{A_{1f}}{A_1} = \frac{1.924}{16.824} = 0.1143604$$

$$K_{b2} = \frac{A_{2f}}{A_2} = \frac{6.8625}{22.1625} = 0.3096447$$

$$C_1 = \frac{A_1}{b_1} = \frac{16.824}{4.5} = 3.7386667(\text{m})$$

$$C_2 = \frac{A_2}{b_2} = \frac{22.1625}{4.5} = 4.925(\text{m})$$

$$\alpha'_1 = 0.55 \quad \alpha'_2 = 0.66$$

$$r'_1 = 3.7386667 \times (0.55 - 0.1143604) \\ = 1.628711251(\text{m})$$

$$r'_2 = 4.925 \times (0.66 - 0.3096447) \\ = 1.7254998525(\text{m})$$

$$Q'_{R1} = 128817.1858 \times 1.628711251 = 209806.0(\text{Nm})$$

$$Q'_{R2} = 169692.7532 \times 1.7254998525 = 292804.82(\text{Nm})$$

$$Q'_R = Q'_{R1} + Q'_{R2} \\ = 209806.0 + 292804.82 \\ = 502610.82(\text{Nm})$$

5. Selection of Steering Gear

Steering Gear type selected:

$$\text{Proof Factor} = 960 / 768.7 = 1.248$$

6. Rudder stock diameter

$$D_t = 4.2 \sqrt[3]{Q_R \cdot k_r}$$

$$R_{eH} = 260 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$k_r = \left(\frac{235}{R_{eH}} \right)^{0.75} = \left(\frac{235}{260} \right)^{0.75} = 0.9269811$$

$$Q_R = 768703.22 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_t &= 4.2 \sqrt[3]{Q_R \cdot k_r} \\ &= 4.2 \times \sqrt[3]{768703.22 \times 0.9269811} \\ &= 375.14 \text{ (mm)} \end{aligned}$$

D₁ — increased rudder stock diameter

$$D_1 = 0.1 D_t \sqrt[6]{1 + \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{M_b}{Q_R} \right)^2}$$

REFER LR RULE RECOMMEND:

$$\begin{aligned} M_b &= \frac{h_R}{10(1+C_r)} C_R & C_r &= \frac{b_R^2}{A} \\ b_R &= \frac{A}{9.0} = \frac{38.9865}{9.0} = 4.3318333 \\ C_r &= \frac{b_R^2}{A} = \frac{4.3318333^2}{38.9865} = 0.4813148 & h_R &= 9.0 \text{ (m)} \\ M_b &= \frac{h_R}{10(1+C_r)} C_R = \frac{9.0}{10 \times (1+0.4813148)} \times 1741883.8 \\ &= 1058313.479 \text{ (Nm)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_1 &= 0.1 \times 375.14 \times \sqrt[6]{1 + \frac{4}{3} \left(\frac{1058313.5}{768703.22} \right)^2} \\ &= 46.28 \text{ (cm)} \end{aligned}$$

The actual D₁ adopted is 480mm

$$\sigma_v = \sqrt{\sigma_b^2 + 3\tau^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_b &= \frac{10.2M_b}{D_1^3} \\ &= \frac{10.2 \times 1058314}{48^3} = 97.61 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tau &= \frac{5.1Q_R}{D_1^3} \\ &= \frac{5.1 \times 768703.22}{48^3} = 35.45 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_e &= \sqrt{97.61^2 + 3 \times 35.45^2} \\ &= 115.32 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)} < 127.29 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{118}{k_r} = \frac{118}{0.9269811} = 127.29 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)}$$

7. Pintle diameter

$$d = 0.35 \times \sqrt{B_1 \cdot k_r}$$

$$B_1 = C_R \cdot \frac{b}{c}$$

$$C_R = 1741883.8 \text{ N}$$

$$b = 5166 \text{ mm}$$

$$c = 4540 \text{ mm}$$

$$R_{eH} = 260 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$k_r = \left(\frac{235}{R_{eH}}\right)^{0.75} = \left(\frac{235}{260}\right)^{0.75} = 0.9269811$$

$$\begin{aligned}B_1 &= 1741883.8 \times \frac{5166}{4540} \\ &= 1982064 \text{ (N)}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}d &= 0.35 \times \sqrt{1982064 \times 0.9269811} \\ &= 474.42 \text{ (mm)}\end{aligned}$$

The actual d adopted is 500mm

8. Required mean grip stress—keyless connection

8.1 Push-up pressure

$$P_{req1} = \frac{2Q_F}{d_m^2 L \pi \mu_o} \times 10^3$$

$$P_{req2} = \frac{6M_b}{L^2 d_m} \times 10^3$$

Selete $D_t = D_{ta}$ $k_r = 0.9269811$

$$Q_F = 0.02664 \frac{D_t^3}{K_r}$$

$$Q_F = 0.02664 \times \frac{480^3}{0.9269811} = 3178242.7(\text{Nm})$$

$$d_m = 451.34\text{mm}$$

$$L = 850\text{mm}$$

$$\mu_o = 0.15$$

$$M_b = 1058314\text{Nm}$$

$$P_{req1} = \frac{2 \times 3178242.7}{451.34^2 \times 850 \times 3.14 \times 0.15} \times 10^3$$

$$= 77.94(\text{N/mm}^2)$$

$$P_{req2} = \frac{6 \times 1058314}{850^2 \times 451.34} \times 10^3$$

$$= 19.47(\text{N/mm}^2)$$

$$P_{perm} = \frac{0.8 R_{eH} (1 - \alpha^2)}{\sqrt{3 + \alpha^4}} \quad R_{eH} = 230(\text{N/mm}^2) \quad d_a = 990\text{mm}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{d_m}{d_a} = \frac{451.34}{990} = 0.4558989$$

$$P_{perm} = \frac{0.8 \times 230 \times (1 - 0.4558989^2)}{\sqrt{3 + 0.4558989^4}}$$

$$= 83.55 (\text{N/mm}^2)$$

$$P_{req2} < P_{req1} < P_{perm}$$

8.2 Push-up length

$$\Delta L_1 = \frac{P_{\text{req}} d_m}{E \left(\frac{1-\alpha^2}{2} \right) c} + \frac{0.8 R_{\text{tm}}}{c}$$

$$R_{\text{tm}} = 0.01 \text{ mm}$$

$$c = \frac{1}{15}$$

$$E = 2.06 \times 10^5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta L_1 &= \frac{77.94 \times 451.34}{2.06 \times 10^5 \times \left(\frac{1-0.4558989^2}{2} \right) \times \frac{1}{15}} + \frac{0.8 \times 0.01}{\frac{1}{15}} \\ &= 6.587 \text{ (mm)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta L_2 = \frac{1.6 R_e H d_m}{E c \sqrt{3+\alpha^4}} + \frac{0.8 R_{\text{tm}}}{c}$$

$$\Delta L_2 = \frac{1.6 \times 230 \times 451.3}{\dots}$$

pintle bearing

$$B_1 = 1982064 \text{ N} \quad d_m = 478 \text{ mm}$$

$$d_0 = 500 \text{ mm} \quad L = 650 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{req}} &= 0.4 \times \frac{1982064 \times 500}{478^2 \times 650} \\ &= 2.67 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)} \end{aligned}$$

8.5 Shear area of flat bar

$$A_s = \frac{P_s \sqrt{3}}{R_{eH}}$$

$$P_s = \frac{P_e}{2} m_1 \left[\frac{d_1}{d_g} - 0.6 \right]$$

$$P_e = 5007391.3 \text{ (N)} \quad d_1 = 550$$

$$m_1 = 0.3 \quad d_g = 380$$

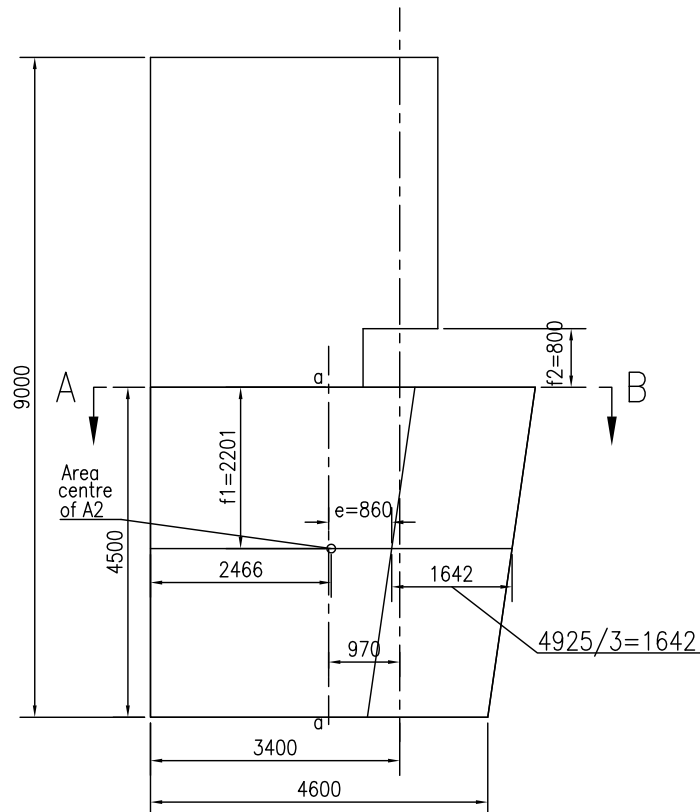
$$R_{eH} = 355 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$A_s = \frac{\frac{5007391.3}{2} \times 0.3 \times \left(\frac{550}{380} - 0.6 \right) \times \sqrt{3}}{355}$$

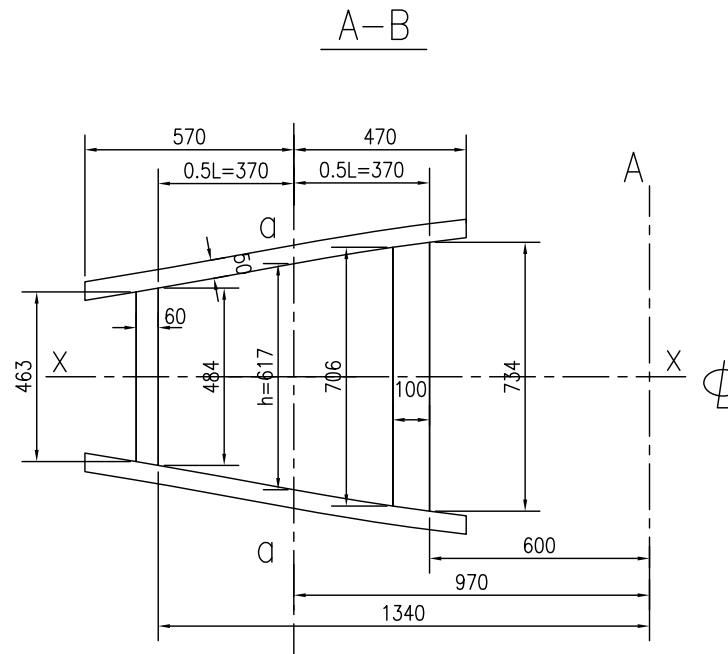
$$= 3105 \text{ (mm}^2\text{)}$$

The actual A_s adopted is $100 \times 35 = 3500 \text{ (mm)}^2$

9. The section at 4700 to B.L.



1:100
figure 3



1:20
figure 4

Section moment of inertia: $I_{4700} = 1492883.85 \text{cm}^4$

$$h = 61.7 \text{cm}$$

$$L = 74 \text{cm} < 61.7 * 1.2 = 74.04 \text{cm}$$

$$t = 5.0 \text{cm}$$

$$M_R = C_{R2} \times f_1 + B_1 \times 0.5 f_2$$

$$C_{R2} = 990201.729 \text{N}$$

$$f_1 = 2201 \text{mm}$$

$$f_2 = 800 \text{mm}$$

$$B_1 = 1982064 \text{N}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_R &= 990201.729 \times 2201 + 1982064 \times 0.5 \times 800 \\ &= 2972259606 \text{(Nmm)} \end{aligned}$$

The torsional stress

$$\tau_t = \frac{M_t}{2Lht} \quad e = 0.860 \text{m}$$

$$M_t = C_{R2} e = 990201.729 \times 0.860 = 851573.487 \text{(Nm)}$$

$$\tau_t = \frac{851573.487}{2 \times 74 \times 61.7 \times 5.0} = 18.65 \text{(N/mm}^2) < 50 \text{(N/mm}^2)$$

area of vertical plate

$$A_1 = (70.6 + 73.4) \times 10 / 2 = 720$$

$$A_2 = (48.4 + 46.3) \times 6 / 2 = 284.1$$

$$A' = A_1 + A_2 = 1004.1$$

Bending stress

$$W_x = \frac{I_{4700}}{73.4/2} = \frac{1492883.85}{73.4/2} = 40678.034 \text{ (cm}^3\text{)}$$

$$\sigma_b = \frac{M_R}{W_x} = \frac{2972259606}{40678.034} = 73.07 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)} < 75 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)}$$

Shear stress

$$\tau = \frac{C_{r2}}{A'} = \frac{990201.729}{(720 + 284.1) \times 100} = 9.86 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)} < 50 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)}$$

$$\sigma_{v1} = \sqrt{\sigma_b^2 + 3\tau^2} = \sqrt{73.07^2 + 3 \times 9.86^2} = 75.04 < 100 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)}$$

$$\sigma_{v2} = \sqrt{\sigma_b^2 + 3\tau_t^2} = \sqrt{73.07^2 + 3 \times 18.65^2} = 79.89 < 100 \text{ (N/mm}^2\text{)}$$

10. Rudder plating

10.1 Rudder side, top and bottom plate

$$t_p = 1.74a\sqrt{P_R k} + 2.5$$

$$P_R = 10T + \frac{C_R}{10^3 A}$$

$$a = 0.630\text{m} \quad k = 1$$

$$T = 13.30\text{m}$$

$$C_R = 1741883.8\text{N}$$

$$A = 38.987\text{m}^2$$

$$P_R = 10 \times 13.3 + \frac{1741883.8}{10^3 \times 38.987}$$

$$= 177.68 [\text{kN/m}^2]$$

$$t_p = 1.74 \times 0.630 \times \sqrt{177.68 \times 1} + 2.5$$

$$= 17.11 (\text{mm})$$

10.2 Webs (vertical and horizontal)

$$t_w = 0.7t_p = 0.7 \times 17.11 = 11.977 (\text{mm})$$

11. Connections of rudder blade structure with solid parts in forged or cast steel

11.1 Minimum section modulus of the connection with the rudder stock housing

$$W_s = c_s D_1^3 \left(\frac{H_E - H_X}{H_E} \right)^2 \frac{K}{K_1} 10^{-4}$$

$$c_s = 1.5$$

$$D_1 = 480\text{mm}$$

$$H_E = 9.00\text{m}$$

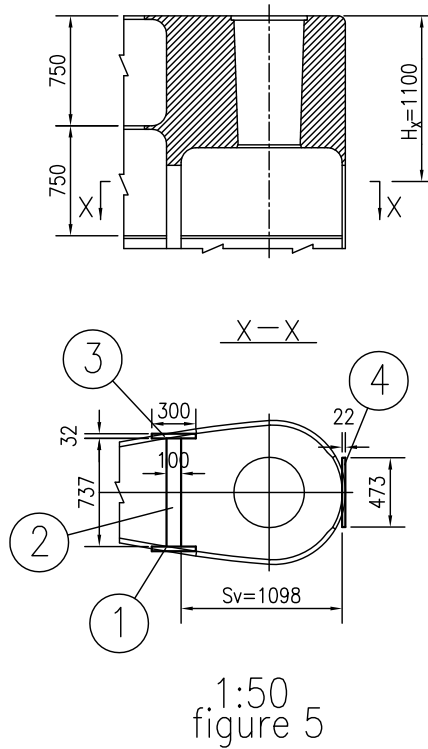
$$H_X = 1.10\text{m}$$

$$K = 1$$

$$K_1 = 0.9269811$$

$$W_s = 1.5 \times 480^3 \times \left(\frac{9.00 - 1.10}{9.00} \right)^2 \times \frac{1}{0.9269811} \times 10^{-4}$$

$$= 13788.4 (\text{cm}^3)$$



| | Length x Breath | Area | Area center to center line of rudder \bar{x} | Inertia to center line of rudder \bar{I} |
|-------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | cm x cm | cm ² | cm | cm ⁴ |
| ① | 30x3.2 | 96 | 38.5 | 142377.92 |
| ② | 10x73.7 | 737 | 0 | 333596.3 |
| ③ | 30x3.2 | 96 | 38.5 | 142377.92 |
| ④ | 2.2x47.3 | 104.06 | 0 | 19401.033 |
| Total | | | | 637753.17 |

Section moment of inertia: $I_{x-x} = 637753.17 \text{ cm}^4$

$$W_{x-x} = \frac{637753.17}{73.7/2} = 17306.735$$

11.2 Minimum section modulus of the connection with the rudder pintle housing

$$W_s = c_s D_1^3 \left(\frac{H_E - H_X}{H_E} \right)^2 \frac{K}{K_1} 10^{-4}$$

$$c_s = 1.5$$

$$D_1 = 500 \text{ mm}$$

$$H_E = 9.00 \text{ m}$$

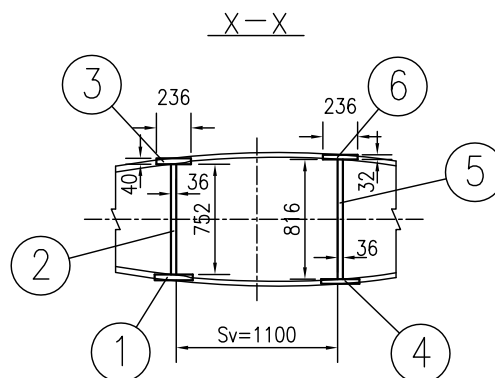
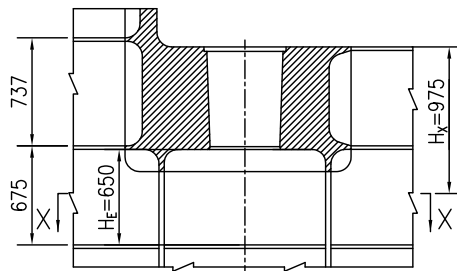
$$H_X = 0.975 \text{ m}$$

$$K = 1$$

$$K_1 = 0.9269811$$

$$W_s = 1.5 \times 500^3 \times \left(\frac{9.00 - 0.975}{9.00} \right)^2 \times \frac{1}{0.9269811} \times 10^{-4}$$

$$= 16081.83 (\text{cm}^3)$$



1:50
figure 6

| | Length x Breath | Area | Area center to center line of rudder ϕ | Inertia to center line of rudder ϕ |
|-------|-----------------|-----------------|---|---|
| | cm x cm | cm ² | cm | cm ⁴ |
| ① | 23.6x4.0 | 94.4 | 39.6 | 148160.17 |
| ② | 3.6x75.2 | 270.72 | 0 | 127577.7 |
| ③ | 23.6x4.0 | 94.4 | 39.6 | 148160.17 |
| ④ | 23.6x3.2 | 75.52 | 42.4 | 135831.28 |
| ⑤ | 3.6x81.6 | 293.76 | 0 | 163001.5 |
| ⑥ | 23.6x3.2 | 75.52 | 42.4 | 135831.28 |
| Total | | | | 858562.1 |

Section moment of inertia: $I_{x-x} = 858562.1 \text{ cm}^4$

$$W_{x-x} = \frac{858562.1}{81.6/2} = 21043.189$$

11.3 Calculation of the actual section modulus of the connection with the rudder stock

$$b = s_v + 2 \frac{H_x}{m}$$

$$S_v = 1.098 \text{ m}$$

$$H_x = 0.3 \text{ m}$$

$$m = 3$$

$$b = 1.098 + 2 \times \frac{0.3}{3}$$

$$= 1.298 \text{ (m)}$$

11.4 Calculation of the actual section modulus of the connection with the rudder pintle

$$b = s_v + 2 \frac{H_x}{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_v &= 1.1\text{m} \\
 H_x &= 0.3\text{m} \\
 m &= 3 \\
 b &= 1.1 + 2 \times \frac{0.3}{3} \\
 &= 1.3(\text{m})
 \end{aligned}$$

11.5 Thickness of horizontal web plates

$$t_H = 1.2t_p \quad t_H = 0.045 \frac{d_s^2}{S_H} \quad \begin{aligned} t_p &= 17.11\text{mm} \\ d_s &= 480\text{mm} \\ S_H &= 750\text{mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$t_H = 1.2 \times 17.11 = 20.532(\text{mm})$$

t_H for the solid part connected to the stock

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_H &= 0.045 \times \frac{480^2}{750} \\
 &= 13.824(\text{mm})
 \end{aligned}$$

t_H for the solid part connected to the pintle

$$\begin{aligned}
 t_H &= 0.045 \times \frac{500^2}{675} \\
 &= 16.67(\text{mm})
 \end{aligned}$$